





Trade-off and synergies of integrating intensive Livestock production with AGroecology in Mountainous regions







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Mountain Regions of North West Vietnam with strong constraints

- High poverty of rural populations
- Predominant mixed family farming
- 1st buffalo production region, 2nd cattle production region
- High biophysical constraints
- Sloping soil erosion questions the sustainability of cropping systems
- Winter feed gap (cold & dry) is an obstacle to livestock development
- Eco-intensification of production systems and agroecology
- Strong competition for the management of biomass between the feeding of extensive livestock farming and soil cover
- What synergies in the management of biomass between intensification of livestock and agroecological practices?





4 scenarios co constructed with the actors

Type A : Intensive farm Type B1 : Farm & a strong crop-livestock integration Type B2 : Farm & a poor crop-livestock integration Type C : Extensive farm



Source : Van Moere, 2018



Scenario 1: Establishment of a forage crop of *Pennisetum purpureum, Types B2 et C*

Scenario 2: Intensification of the forage crop of *Pennisetum purpureum*, *Types A et B1*





Source : Van Moere, 2018

Scenario 3 : Substitution of Pennisetum purpureum culture by Panicum maximum Types A, B1, B2 et C



Scenario 4: Establishment of an intermediate culture of *Stylosanthes guianensis* after the 2nd cycle of rice (cover cropping of rice) *Types A, B1, B2 et C*

The modeling tool for mixed farms Tim ra mô hinh



Modelling scenarios with farmers

- Modelling of the current situation & 2 scenarios
 - Discussions of indicators of interest to farmers
 - Evaluation of the compatibility of the workload
 - Evaluation of the technical, material and economic feasibility according to farmer
- ► Highlight prospects, some recommendations and identify some limiting factors for adopting practices







Results of the participatory approach

- Farmers classify the scenarios according to their level of risk-taking criteria
 - prior knowledge, known practices in the area,
 - accessibility to management



- The scenario 4 seems unthinkable for the farmers
 - "we do not change practices on irrigated rice cultivation easily"
- Improvement of forage production via *Pennisetum purpureum* is the most popular among farmers (known, in the process of spreading)
- The Panicum maximum can better cover the winter deficit but little known

Perspectives

 Broaden the range of possible options (beyond farmers' options, restricted)



- Co-design of crop-livestock systems adapted : Experimentation with & by farmers
- Access to seeds or cuttings and training program
- Show evidences of the success of new options at field to farmers (forage trials)
- Program of accompaniment of the farmers for an intensification of crop-livestock integration







Thank you for your attention Xin cảm ơn

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