Vegetable Grafting Basics *Pathein, Myanmar January 16-18, 2018*



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- What is Grafting?
 - Combining part of one plant on to another plant, so that the two grow as a single organism.





Grafting Terms – Parts of a Graft



- Scion (top)
- Rootstock (bottom)
 - Graft union



• Why Graft?

Take advantageof rootstockqualities



For Every Graft – 4 Steps

1. Preparation of the Scion

2. Preparation of the Rootstock

3. Making the Graft (joining the two)

4. Aftercare



Requirements for Successful Grafting

Rootstock and scion compatible

Close cambial proximity between scion and rootstock

Rootstock and scion must be in the proper growing stage (proper size & right time)

> Cut surfaces must be protected from desiccation

Appropriate care and environmental conditions must be given for a period after grafting (graft healing)

• Grafting Tomatoes in Southeast Asia



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Higher profits from selling tomato during the rainy season

How? Take advantage of rootstock qualities





Eggplant rootstock

Wet Season Soil Problems

- ➢ Flooding
- Bacterial wilt disease
- Fusarium wilt disease
- Root knot nematode





Eggplant Resistant to:

- ✓ Bacterial wilt
- Fusarium wilt
- ✓ Root-knot nematode
- ✓ Flooding

• The Grafting Process



Grafting Flow Chart and Methods



Grafting Process - Timeline



Grafting Flow Chart and Methods



Grafting Flow Chart and Methods









Healing the Graft



Grafting Flow Chart and Methods



Acclimate the Healed Grafts



Grafting Flow Chart and Methods



Grafted Tomato Planted in the Field



1) Remove the shoot of the rootstock by making a cut (below the cotyledons)



2) If using self-made plastic tube, place over the rootstock stump; skip this step if using commercial clips







Commercial clips

3) Make a vertical cut in the center of the rootstock.



4) Remove the roots of the scion by making a cut above or below the cotyledons.



5) Optional: Remove leaves from scion; do NOT damage the youngest leaf or apical meristem.



6) Trim scion stem into a wedge shape with two diagonal cuts.



7) Place the prepared scion shoot into the bisected rootstock stump.



8) If using a self-made clip, pull upward to secure the graft union



8) ... or, attach a commercial clip.





Healing Area/Chamber

9) Place newly grafted plants into healing chamber as soon as possible after grafting





Cleft-grafted tomato

Successful graft after healing. Plants are typically ready for transfer to the field 2–3 weeks after grafting.







Grafted tomato plants ready for transplanting

Planting grafting tomato

Mulch grafted tomatoes to prevent soil-borne diseases from splashing onto the plants during rain

